Cape Verde described, through multiple regression, and then resorted to extrapolation with the colony area to the colonies (Fig. 2) predicting nest densities for a combination of environmental variables and divided into UTM squares, where 28 plots were randomly distributed in representative areas of counting holes with chicks/parents/eggs of the target species. The islet (Fig. 1) was then mapped.

It is also important to make a habitat selection study at micro-scale / nest scale; measuring and establishing the best features of an ideal nest for breeding, and done in previous studies with...

For both species we found that the PVEG is important in nesting sites, especially for...