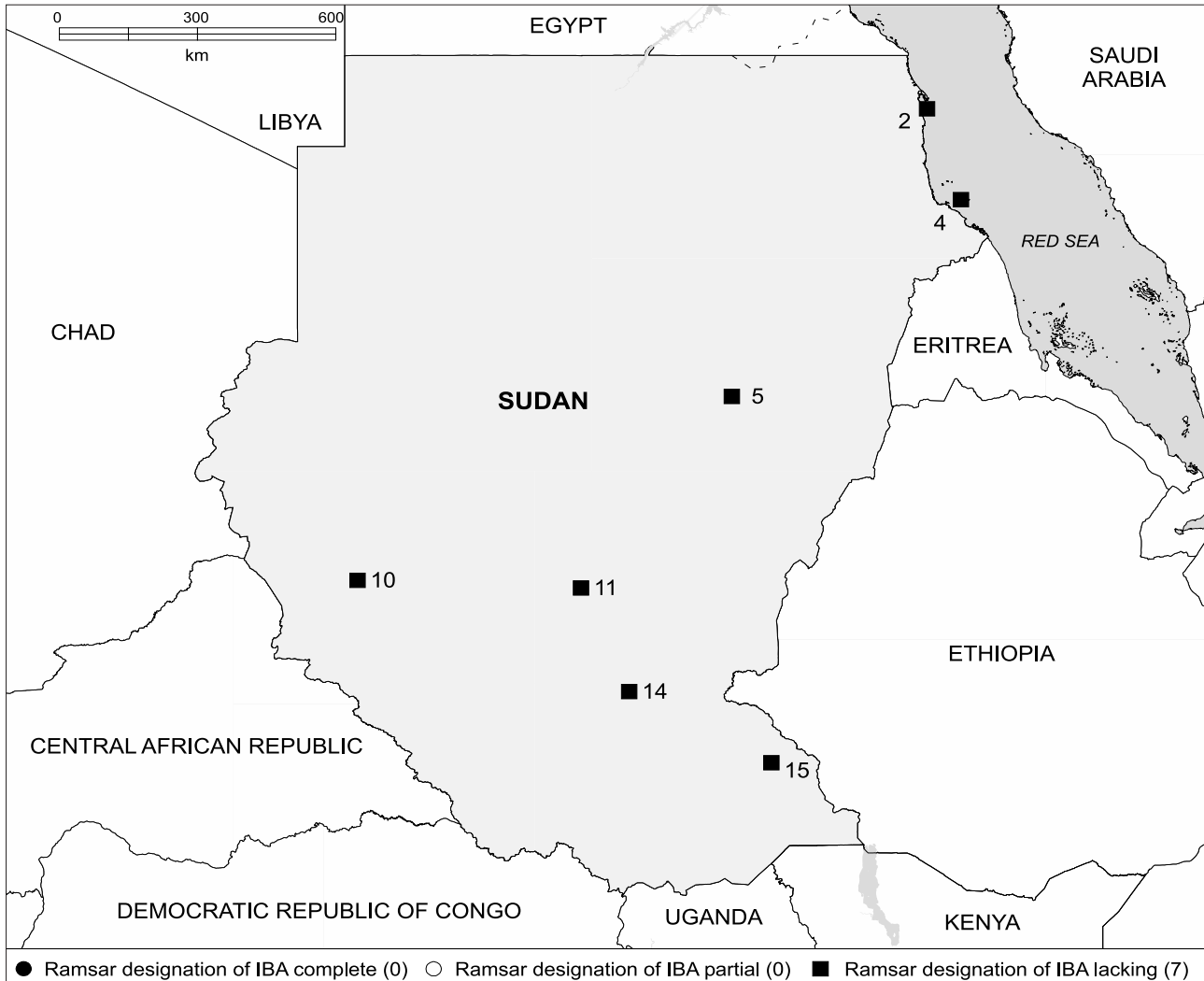


Location of Important Bird Areas that contain areas which qualify as Ramsar Sites in Sudan



Designation progress

Areas within seven Important Bird Areas qualify currently as Ramsar Sites in the Republic of Sudan, of which none has been designated as yet.

Summary of Important Bird Areas that contain areas which qualify as Ramsar Sites in Sudan

IBA code	IBA name	IBA area (ha)	Ramsar Site name	Ramsar Site area (ha)	Ramsar criteria			
					2	4	5	6
Ramsar designation of IBA lacking (7 IBAs)								
SD002	Mukawwar island and Dunganab bay	12,000			●	●		●
SD004	Suakin archipelago	150,000				●		●
SD005	Gezira	850,000				●	●	●
SD010	Lake Kundi	2,000			●	●	●	●
SD011	Lake Abiad	500,000			●	●	●	●
SD014	Sudd (Bahr-el-Jebel system)	5,500,000			●	●	●	●
SD015	Boma	4,000,000			●			
Grand total					5	6	4	6

For the full details of each site, including bird populations, see Fishpool and Evans (2001) and the Data Zone at www.birdlife.net by 2003. See 'Identifying potential Ramsar Sites' (p.11) for a description of the site- and species-selection procedure and the method for evaluating adequacy of Ramsar coverage that have been used in this report.

Threatened species

Within the five IBAs that contain areas that qualify as Ramsar Sites under Criterion 2, three wetland-dependent species of global conservation concern occur regularly in significant numbers.

Summary of the occurrence of wetland species of global conservation concern within the selected IBAs

Species name and global threat status (IUCN 2000; see p.147)

IBA code	Shoebill <i>Balaeniceps rex</i> (LR/nt)	Black Crowned-crane <i>Balearica pavonina</i> (LR/nt)	White-eyed Gull <i>Larus leucophthalmus</i> (LR/nt)	Grand total
SD002			●	1
SD010		●		1
SD011		●		1
SD014	●	●		2
SD015	●			1
Grand total	2	3	1	6